

DATA MANAGEMENT PLAN

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Data management plan $1^{st} \boxtimes 2^{nd} \square 3^{rd} \square$

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2 Or	pen science: research data management	O

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Data Management Plan

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1 Data management plan 1.1 Data summary

1.1 Data summary			
Questions	Answers		
1 Will you re-use any existing data and what will you re-use them for? State the reasons if re-use of any existing data has been considered but discarded.	internal data from participants publicly available data.		
	These data will be used for the following purpose: • Validation of the project's results.		
2 What types and formats of data will the project generate or re-use?	The project will generate following types and formats:		
3 What is the purpose of the data generation or re-use and its relation to the objectives of the project?	Purpose of the data generation or re-use The data generated and re-used will be from measurements, calibrations, comparisons and validations. They will be used in meeting the project's objectives and in conference and peer-reviewed publications.		
	Data generated in relation to the objectives of the project Data will be generated by the consortium in order to meet objectives 1 - 4. Measurement, calibration, comparison and validation data will result from objectives 1 to 3		
	Data re-used in relation to the objectives of the project Measurement, calibration, comparison and validation data will be re-used by the consortium in order to meet objectives 1 to 4.		
4 What is the expected size of the data that you intend to generate or re-use?	< 1 GB		
5 What is the origin/provenance of the data, either generated or re-used?	Data generated in the project The data generated will be from measurements, calibrations, comparisons and validations.		
	Re-used data The existing data will originate from several sources, which will include: participant's pre-existing data, data from the scientific literature, real-world measurement data and data from simulation experiments. The project has not re-used any datasets yet.		
6 To whom might your data be useful ('data utility'), outside your project?	The data will be suitable for use by other research groups working on the following topics: RF&MW calibrations, electromagnetic field measurements, RF power measurements, antenna measurements.		
	The data might be useful to: • Stakeholders from industry: accredited calibration laboratories • NMIs/DIs: emerging and less experienced NMIs outside the project consortium (e.g. NMIs/DIs of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia,		



	Estonia, Hungary, Romania)

1.2 Findable, Accessible, Interoperable and Re-usable (FAIR) Data

1.2.1 Making data findable, including provisions for metadata

Questions	Answers
7 Will data be identified by a persistent identifier?	Yes, each of the project's deposited datasets will be identified by a DOI (journal and conference papers, data sets) or commit/tag on GitHub repository.
8 Will rich metadata be provided to allow discovery? What metadata will be created? What disciplinary or general standards will be followed? In case metadata standards do not exist in your discipline, please outline what type of metadata will be created and how.	The metadata created for all of the project's deposited datasets will be open under a Creative Commons Public Domain Dedication (CC 0) or equivalent (to the extent legitimate interests or constraints are safeguarded), in line with the FAIR principles (in particular machine-actionable) and provide information at least about the following: datasets (description, date of deposit, author(s), venue and embargo); the European Partnership on Metrology funding; grant project name, acronym and number; licensing terms; persistent identifiers for the dataset, the authors involved in the action, and, if possible, for their organisations and the grant. Where applicable, the metadata will include persistent identifiers for related publications and other research outputs.
9 Will search keywords be provided in the metadata to optimise the possibility for discovery and then potential re-use?	Yes, keywords will be provided in the metadata to optimise the discovery and potential re-use of the deposited datasets. Keywords from existing topical vocabularies will be used (e.g. vocabularies for electrical engineering, antennas, electromagnetic field).
10 Will metadata be offered in such a way that it can be harvested and indexed?	The project will use the Zenodo repository for depositing the majority of outputs and datasets. Zenodo complies with FAIR principles (https://about.zenodo.org/principles/). The metadata are indexed in a searchable resource. Metadata are licensed under CC0, except for email addresses. All metadata are exported via Open Archives Initiative Protocol for Metadata Harvesting (OAI-PMH) and can be harvested.

1.2.2 Making data accessible

Questions	Answers
Repository:	Allowers
11 Will the data be deposited in a trusted repository?	The data and associated metadata, documentation and code will be deposited in the trusted open access repository Zenodo (https://zenodo.org), in PTB's Open Access Repository (https://oar.ptb.de) or in the Cornell University arXiv (https://arxiv.org/).
12 Have you explored appropriate arrangements with the identified repository where your data will be deposited?	No, the data will be uploaded via a standard procedure and require no special arrangements.
13 Does the repository ensure that the data are assigned an identifier? Will the repository resolve the identifier to a digital object?	Yes, Zenodo will assign an identifier (DOI) to each of the project's deposited datasets. The repository will resolve the identifier to a digital object.
Data:	



Questions	Answers
14 Will all data be made openly available? If certain datasets cannot be shared (or need to be shared under restricted access	All of the data that are needed to validate the results presented in scientific publications will be made openly available as the default unless there is a specific reason not to publish the data.
conditions), explain why, clearly separating legal and contractual reasons from intentional	Datasets which cannot be shared – voluntary restrictions Other data may be made available on a case-by-case basis if it is relevant for third parties.
restrictions. Note that in multi-beneficiary projects it is also possible for specific beneficiaries to keep their data closed if opening their data goes against their legitimate interests or other constraints as per the	The following data will not be made publicly available: • Data obtained with the permission of third parties, but the third parties have not agreed to make the data publicly available. • Data that discloses the identity of a manufacturer. • Data that compromises the protection of a participant(s) intellectual property.
Grant Agreement.	The level of data made available will also be considered, for example, pre-processed data will not be provided unless there is a clear reason for doing so. Datasets which cannot be shared - legal / contractual reasons
	All of the data from the project will be made available, with the exception of market or customer survey data, which are commercially sensitive and cannot be shared.
15 If an embargo is applied to give time to publish or seek protection of the intellectual property (e.g. patents), specify why and how long this will apply, bearing in mind that research data should be made available as soon as possible.	The data used in scientific publications, posters and oral communications will be made available for re-use as soon as is reasonably possible. No patents are expected in this project.
16 Will the data be accessible through a free and standardised access protocol?	Yes, Zenodo provides well described conditions for free and standardised access (see http://about.zenodo.ora/policies/).
17 If there are restrictions on use, how will access be provided to the data, both during and after the end of the project?	There are no restrictions on the use of the published data, but users will be required to acknowledge the project and the source of the data in any resulting publications, according to the latest version of the CC-BY license.
18 How will the identity of the person accessing the data be ascertained?	There is no need to ascertain the identity of persons accessing the data.
19 Is there a need for a data access committee (e.g. to evaluate/approve access requests to personal/sensitive data)?	This consortium will not establish a Data Access Committee. The appointed corresponding author, with responsibility for the data, will decide alone about granting access to the data.
Metadata:	
20 Will metadata be made openly available and licensed under a public domain dedication CC0, as per the Grant Agreement? If not, please clarify why. Will metadata contain information to enable the user to access the data?	In Zenodo, metadata are licensed under CC0, except for email addresses. All metadata are exported via OAI-PMH and can be harvested.



Questions	Answers
21 How long will the data remain available and findable? Will metadata be guaranteed to	The data will remain available and findable for the lifetime of the Zenodo repository, which is expected to be a minimum of 20 years.
remain available after data are no longer available?	If data are withdrawn from Zenodo, the DOI and the URL of the original object are retained. In case of closure of the Zenodo repository, best efforts will be made by Zenodo to integrate all content into suitable alternative institutional and/or subject based repositories.
22 Will documentation or reference about any software be needed to access or read the data and will this be included? Will it be possible to include the relevant software (e.g. in open source code)?	The data are in a common format and can be read using widely available software (open source or commercial, e.g. Notepad, GNU Octave, MS Excel, METAS VNA Tools). In case of *.MAT files, specialised scientific software MATLAB should be used to read them.

1.2.3 Making data interoperable

Questions	Answers
23 What data and metadata	The datasets will use the trusted repository's basic metadata schema
vocabularies, standards,	for administrative data, which is compliant with the recommended
formats or methodologies will	standards used by DataCite (https://search.datacite.org/) and
you follow to make your data	OpenAIRE (https://www.basesearch.net/).
interoperable to allow data	
exchange and re-use within and	For individual datasets, the following
across disciplines? Will you	discipline-specific vocabularies, standards,
follow community-endorsed	formats, and methodologies will be used:
interoperability best practices?	GUM (procedure; subject-independent).
Which ones?	HDF5 (hierarchical file format; subject-independent).
William office:	3. INSPEC (vocabulary + classification; physics).
24 In case it is unavoidable that you use uncommon or generate project specific ontologies or vocabularies, will you provide mappings to more commonly used ontologies? Will you openly publish the generated ontologies or vocabularies to allow their re-use, refinement or extension?	Mapping will not be required as the terminology used will be chosen to be compatible with the existing literature.
25 Will your data include qualified references ¹ to other data (e.g. other data from your project, or datasets from previous research)?	Yes, the project's datasets that will be deposited in the chosen repository (e.g. Zenodo) will include qualified references to other datasets from the same project.

1.2.4 Increase data re-use

Questions			Answers
26 How wi	you pi	rovide	A short README file (e.g. Markdown) will be provided together with
documentation	needed	to	the data, in order to enable data analysis and to facilitate data re-use.
validate data	analysis	and	
facilitate data	re-use	(e.g.	

¹ A qualified reference is a cross-reference that explains its intent. For example, X is regulator of Y is a much more qualified reference than X is associated with Y, or X see also Y. The goal therefore is to create as many meaningful links as possible between (meta)data resources to enrich the contextual knowledge about the data. (Source: <a href="https://chait.org/chai



O	
Questions	Answers
readme files with information on	
methodology, codebooks, data	
cleaning, analyses, variable	
definitions, units of	
measurement, etc.)?	
27 Will your data be made freely	The data will either be licensed under the latest available version of the
available in the public domain to	Creative Commons Attribution International Public License (CC BY) or
permit the widest re-use	a license with equivalent rights as set out in the Grant Agreement.
possible? Will your data be	Users will be required to acknowledge the consortium and the source
licensed using standard re-use	of the data in any resulting publications. Alternatively, the Creative
licenses, in line with the	Commons Public Domain Dedication License (CC 0) will be used.
obligations set out in the Grant	
Agreement?	
28 Will the data produced in the	Any data published in open-access journals will be usable by third
project be useable by third	parties after the datasets have been deposited in Zenodo. The data
parties, in particular after the	that do not relate to peer-reviewed publications will be made available
end of the project?	for re-use on a case-by-case basis.
29 Will the provenance of the	Yes, the provenance and context of the data will be thoroughly
data be thoroughly documented	documented to meet relevant standards using the Provenance and
using the appropriate	Context Content Standard (PCCS) Matrix. Data will be accompanied
standards?	by information on how they were captured, processed, analysed, and
	validated. Other information that enables interpretation and use will
	also be provided.
30 Describe all relevant data	Data quality will be assured through several
quality assurance processes.	quality assurance procedures:
	Repeated and comparison measurements.
	Metrological characterisation of the measurement set-ups.
	Validation of the data collected.
	Provision of test results along with the data.
	Peer-review of publications based on the data.
31 Further to the FAIR	Allocation of resources
principles, DMPs should also	The estimated curation and storage/preservation costs for making the
address research outputs other	data and research outputs FAIR are already considered as integral part
than data, and should carefully	of the technical activities, therefore, no dedicated budget is required.
consider aspects related to the	(personnel costs). The costs for making other research outputs FAIR
allocation of resources, data	are included in the project's budget and will be claimed if compliant
security and ethical aspects.	with the Grant Agreement's conditions. Where feasible, long-term
	preservation will be ensured by depositing the other research outputs
	in repositories. The project coordinator together with the author of the
	data will decide on a case-by-case basis on which other research
	outputs will be deposited and for how long.
	Security of other research outputs
	All NMI/DI participants are either accredited to, or work in compliance
	with, the ISO 17025 standard on the "General requirements for the
	competence of testing and calibration laboratories". The participants
	will store other research outputs on their organisations' networks,
	which are protected by firewall, backups etc. Other research outputs
	will also be stored in the project's SharePoint environment, with
	password-protected login. Deposition in public repositories will provide
	additional security as they have multiple replicas in a distributed file
	system which is backed up on a nightly basis. This project will not
	generate sensitive other research outputs. The other research outputs
	will be safely stored in open access repositories.



Questions	Answers
	Ethical aspects There are issues that could impact on the sharing of other research outputs. Information relating to other research outputs acquired from third parties, e.g. manufacturers, will not be shared without their explicit consent. Information relating to other research outputs collected by the consortium at commercial sites will not be shared without the site owner's explicit consent. Ethical issues will be addressed as the project will prepare an ethics report.
	The project will not share other research outputs with identifiable personal information. Sensitive information relating to the other research outputs will be collected, separated as soon as possible and kept secure. Please also see the information provided in section 1.3 below.

1.3 Other research outputs

Questions	Answers
32 In addition to the management of data, beneficiaries should also	The software developed in the project will be released under a GNU-GPL license.
consider and plan for the management of other research outputs that may be generated or re-used throughout their projects. Such outputs can be either digital (e.g. software, workflows, protocols, models, etc.) or physical (e.g. new materials, antibodies, reagents, samples, etc.).	This project will only re-use existing data and will not re-use any other research outputs.
33 Beneficiaries should consider which of the questions pertaining to FAIR data above, can apply to the management of other research outputs, and should strive to provide sufficient detail on how their research outputs will be managed and shared, or made available for re-use, in line with the FAIR principles.	As far as possible, the FAIR data approaches specified in questions 7-30 above will be applied to the management of this project's other research outputs. This commitment will be met by releasing the new software that will be developed in the project under license, by placing the new calibration methods in a trusted repository and by patenting the new materials that will be developed in the project in line with the requirements of the project's consortium agreement.

1.4 Allocation of resources

1.4 Allocation of resources			
Questions	Answers		
34 What will the costs be for	The estimated curation and storage/preservation costs for making the		
making data or other research	data and research outputs FAIR are already considered as integral part		
outputs FAIR in your project	of the technical activities, therefore, no dedicated budget is required.		
(e.g. direct and indirect costs	(personnel costs 1000 €). These costs will be kept to a minimum by		
related to storage, archiving,	using i) suitable trusted repositories from the Registry of Research		
re-use, security, etc.) ?	Data Repositories (https://www.re3data.org/) where no additional costs		



35 How will these be covered? Note that costs related to research data/output management are eligible as part of the European partnership on metrology grant (if compliant with the Grant Agreement conditions).	are associated with long-term preservation, and ii) by making only relevant data and outputs FAIR. The estimated curation and storage/preservation costs are already included in the project's budget (labour costs). The costs for making the data FAIR are included in the project's budget and will be claimed if compliant with the Grant Agreement's conditions.
36 Who will be responsible for data management in your project?	This consortium will not establish a Data Access Committee (DAC). The coordinator, with support from the Impact work package leader and other participants, will have overall responsibility for the management of data/research outputs and quality assurance. The coordinator will be responsible for coordinating updates to the data management plan and for deciding on a case-by-case basis which data/research outputs will be kept and for how long. The participant(s) that produced the data will be responsible for organising backup and storage, archiving, and for depositing the data/research outputs within the chosen repositories.
37 How will long term preservation be ensured? Discuss the necessary resources to accomplish this (costs and potential value, who	Long term preservation will be ensured by depositing the data within repositories (Zenodo, PTB's Open Access Repository, arXiv). There are no costs associated with the long-term preservation of the data in these repositories.
decides and how, what data will be kept and for how long)?	The data will increase in value over time because of its fundamental impact in a wide range of applications in RF&MW calibrations and EMC testing. The data will also be of value as it underpins the results of published datasets.

1.5 Data security

Questions	Answers	
38 What provisions are or will be in place for data security (including data recovery as well as secure storage/archiving and transfer of sensitive data)?	Data recovery and secure storage All NMI/DI participants are either accredited to, or work in compliant with, the ISO 17025 standard on the "General requirements for the standard of the stan	
	<u>Transfer of sensitive data</u> This project will not generate sensitive data.	
39 Will the data be safely stored in trusted repositories for long term preservation and curation?	Yes, the data will be safely stored in the Zenodo/PTB OAR/arXiv open access repository. For instance the Zenodo and the underlying Invenio Framework for digital repositories were designed according to the Open Archival Information Systems (OAIS) reference model. Zenodo is working towards ISO 16363 certification. The PTB's Open Access Repository uses two physically and geographically separated servers that are regularly backed up. PTB is working towards German Initiative for Network Information (DINI) certification.	



1.6 Ethics

1.0 Ettilo3			
Questions	Answers		
40 Are there, or could there be, any ethics or legal issues that can have an impact on data sharing? These can also be discussed in the context of the ethics review. If relevant, include references to ethics report(s) and the ethics section in the Annex 1.	 Data acquired from third parties, e.g. manufacturers, will not be shared without their explicit consent. Data collected by the consortium at commercial sites will not be shared without the site owner's explicit consent. The data from the market surveys will be made anonymous to comply with the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR). Ethical issues will be addressed as the project will prepare and submit a report on the Dual Use of the project's results. 		
41 Will informed consent for data sharing and long-term preservation be included in questionnaires dealing with personal data?	The project has no plans to share data with identifiable personal information. If any sensitive data are collected they will be separated as soon as possible and kept secure.		

1.7 Other issues

Questions	Answers	
42 Do you, or will you, make use of other national / funder / sectorial / departmental procedures for data management? If yes, which ones (please list and briefly describe them)?	 Data management will be compliant with: The research data policy of the European Partnership on Metrology; European laws about data security and the protection of privacy (e.g. GDPR); 	
	Institutional guidelines;	
	 Scientific community guidelines (i.e. good practices for storing scientific data). 	

2 Open science: research data management

Statement	Put an X in the box to confirm	Or, list any exceptions to this
All participants have adhered to the requirements of the project's GA and CA with respect to open science: research data management (GA Article 17 and its Annex 5) for this reporting period	\boxtimes	